ФОНД ОЦЕНОЧНЫХ СРЕДСТВ

по английскому языку

6 - 9 классы

Фонд оценочных средств для проведения текущего контроля успеваемости и промежуточной аттестации.

Основное общее образование.

6 класс.

| No | Тема | Наименование | Назначение | Представление |
|----|---------------|----------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| | | оценочного | КИМ | оценочного |
| | | средства | | средства в |
| | | | | фонде |
| | | I че | тверть | |
| 1 | "Входная | Входной | Средство проверки | Комплект |
| | контрольная | контрольный | умений применять | контрольных |
| | работа" | тест | полученные знания для | заданий по |
| | | | решения задач | вариантам. |
| | | | определенного типа по | |
| | | | теме или разделу. | |
| 2 | "Who is who" | Четвертная | Средство проверки | Комплект |
| | | контрольная | умений применять | контрольных |
| | | работа за 1 | полученные знания для | заданий по |
| | | четверть | решения задач | вариантам. |
| | | | определенного типа по | |
| | | | теме или разделу. | |
| | | II | етверть | |
| 1 | "Getting | Четвертная | Средство проверки | Комплект |
| | around! " | контрольная | умений применять | контрольных |
| | | работа | полученные знания для | заданий по |
| | | За II четверть | решения задач | вариантам. |
| | | | определенного типа по | |
| | | | теме или разделу. | |
| | | | четверть | |
| 1 | "Leisure | Четвертная | Средство проверки | Комплект |
| | activities" | контрольная | умений применять | контрольных |
| | | работа за | полученные знания для | заданий по |
| | | Шчетверть | решения задач | вариантам. |
| | | | определенного типа по | |
| | | | теме или разделу. | |
| | T | IV четверть | T | |
| 1 | "Food and | Итоговая | Средство проверки | Комплект |
| | refreshments" | контрольная | умений применять | контрольных |
| | | работа | полученные знания для | заданий по |
| | | За IVчетверть | решения задач | вариантам. |
| | | | определенного типа по | |
| | | | теме или разделу. | |

6 класс

| "Входная контрольная | Входной контрольный тест |
|----------------------|--------------------------|
| работа" | |

| 1 What time is it? |
|--|
| 1_ 8: 25 |
| 2_ 11: 15 |
| 3_ 1: 45 |
| 4_ 12: 00 |
| 5_7:30 |
| Points: |
| 5X4 20 |
| 2 Circle the odd word out. |
| 1 bank - baker's - vase - library |
| 2 fireplace - sofa - armchair - bathtub |
| 3 newsagent's - toy shop - supermarket - aspirin |
| 4 spring - May - autumn - winter |
| 5 first - two - ninth – sixth |
| |
| Points: |
| 5X4 20 |
| 3 Choose the correct word. |
| 5 Choose the correct word. |
| 1 Is there a/some baker's? |
| |
| 1 Is there a/some baker's? |
| 1 Is there a/some baker's?2 There are any/some shops in that street. |
| 1 Is there a/some baker's?2 There are any/some shops in that street.3 There aren't some/any supermarkets here. |
| Is there a/some baker's? There are any/some shops in that street. There aren't some/any supermarkets here. My birthday is on/in 5th November. |
| 1 Is there a/some baker's? 2 There are any/some shops in that street. 3 There aren't some/any supermarkets here. 4 My birthday is on/in 5th November. 5 Meet me on/at 8.30! Points: |
| 1 Is there a/some baker's? 2 There are any/some shops in that street. 3 There aren't some/any supermarkets here. 4 My birthday is on/in 5th November. 5 Meet me on/at 8.30! Points: |
| 1 Is there a/some baker's? 2 There are any/some shops in that street. 3 There aren't some/any supermarkets here. 4 My birthday is on/in 5th November. 5 Meet me on/at 8.30! Points: |

| | Points: — 5X2 10 |
|--|-------------------------|
| 5 Match the questions in column A with the correct answers in column | |
| \mathbf{A} | В |
| 1 _What's the date today? | a Place it over there |
| 2 _How old are you? | b It's on 5 th May |
| 3 _When is yourbirthday? | c It's half past three. |
| 4 _What time is it? | d I'm 12. |
| 5 _Where do you want | e It's 17 th August. |
| the vase? | |
| | Points: |
| | 5X4 20 |
| | |

3theweekend

48:30pm 5themorning

| "Who is who" | Четвертная контрольная работа |
|--------------|-------------------------------|
| | за 1 четверть |

| 1 Complete the pairs. |
|--|
| 1 father- m |
| 2 brother– s |
| 3 husband– w |
| 4 grandpa– g |
| 5 uncle– a |
| 6 son – d |
| Points: — 6X3 18 |
| |
| 2 Fill in the missing words. 1 Spain |
| 2 Polish |
| 3 – Brazilian |
| 4 Britain |
| |
| Points:— 4X3 12 |
| 3 Fill in the gaps with the possessive pronouns or adjectives. |
| 1 This is John and this is brother. |
| 2 That is Mary's car. It's |
| 3 You can have this book. It's |
| 4 Ann and Fiona are sisters surname |
| is Harris. |
| 5 I love family. |
| Points: — 5X4 20 |
| 4 Write the opposites. |
| 1 old man |
| 2 tall boy |
| 3 big eyes |
| 4 short hair |
| 5 straight hair |
| Points: |

5 Match the questions to the answers.

1 _ What's your name? A Brazil
2 _ How old are you? B Paul
3 _ Where are you from C Twelwe
4 _ What nationality are you? D Brazilian
Points: _ _
4X5 20

| 3 | Complete the sentences with these words. |
|-----|--|
| • 5 | sail • drive • ride • fly • cross |
| 1 | I can't a plane, but I can |
| | a boat. |
| 2 | Don't the road when the light is red |
| 3 | If you want to learn how to a car, |
| | you can go toa driving school. |
| 4 | When the weather is good, Imy |
| bi | ke in the park. |
| | |
| | Points: |
| | 5X2 10 |
| 4 | Write the opposites. |
| 1 | go |
| | go turn left |
| | go up the street |
| | red lights |
| | fast |
| | |
| | Points: |
| | 5X3 15 |
| 5 | Put the words in the correct order to form |
| fu | all sentences. |
| 1 | both/cross/ways/look/before/you/road/the |
| 2 | parked/cross/between/don't/cars |
| 3 | traffic/against/ride/don't |
| 4 | bicycle/wear/helmet/a |
| 5 | pavement/stand/on/the |
| | Points: — |
| | 5X4 20 |
| 6 | Put the sentences in the correct order to |

make a dialogue.

| _ | Yes, there's one quite near. |
|---|---|
| _ | You're welcome. |
| _ | How do I get there? |
| _ | Excuse me, is there a hospital near here? |
| | Go down Bridge Road and turn left into Green Street |

| "Leisure activities" | Четвертная контрольная работа |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|
| | за Шчетверть |

1 Form compound nouns.

1 house a a day
2 wind b paper
3 basket c surfing
4 news d work
5 birth e ball

Points: — 5X3 15

2 Complete the gaps with the words below.

• interested • keen • mad • fond • good

Points: —

5 X2 10

3 Circle the odd word out.

1 dull - tiring - awful - fun

2 dominoes - painting - backgammon - billiards

3 good - fond - keen - bad

4 rarely - quick - never - always

Points:

4X5 20

4 Write sentences using the *present simple* and *present continuous*.

| 1 walk to work / take l | bue |
|--------------------------|---|
| | |
| > I walk to work every | ady bui toddy 1 m |
| taking the bus. | |
| 2 eat vegetables / eat r | |
| 3 play volleyball / play | |
| 4 go windsurfing / go | |
| 5 play darts / play che | |
| 6 read a book / meet fi | |
| | Points: |
| | 5X4 20 |
| - | ences with the correct |
| form of the verb in b | rackets. |
| 1 Ican't go out tonight | t because I |
| | (study) for my maths exam. |
| 2 I | (not/want) to leave yet. |
| I | (have) such a good time. |
| 3 Christine (| not/watch) |
| much TV because she | |
| (prefer) to read. | |
| 6 Use the prompts to | o complete the dialogues. |
| • I don't mind • That's | not right! • Like what? • How about a board game? |
| 1 A: We never do any | thing fun at the weekends! |
| | |
| _ | |
| _ | |
| B: | |
| B: | rindow? |
| B: | rindow? |

| "Food and refreshments" | Итоговая контрольная работа |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | За IVчетверть |

1 Circle the odd word out.

breakfast - lunch - dinner - dessert lemon - jam - honey - sugar boil - fry - order - bake starters - drink - main courses - desserts bread - fibre - iron - vitamin Points: — 5X4 20

2Write the correct word.

a b ____ of olive oil a b _ _ of cereal ap ____of biscuits a b _ _of rice aj__ of jam aI _ _ of bread

a b _ _ of chocolate.

Points: —

7X2 14

3 Underline the correct word.

There is some/any milk in the fridge.

Are there any/some bananas left?

There are a lot of/much biscuits in the box.

There wasn't many/any coffee left.

Is there much/many rice left?

There are much/many dishes to choose from.

I want a few/a little sugar in my coffee.

We've got a little/a few oranges here.

Points: —

8X2 16

4Put the verbs in brackets in the present simple, present continuous or simple past.

| 1 | (you/bake)a cake |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| for your birthday last wee | ek. |
| 2 He | (eat) pasta twice a week. |
| 3 We | (have) lunch |
| together yesterday. | |
| 4 Mum | (bake) a cake now. |
| 5 Where | (you/go)? |
| To the supermarket. | |
| 6 Sheila | (not/like) spicy food. |
| | Points: |
| | 6X3 18 |
| | |

5 Match the questions to their answers.

- 1 Can I have the menu?
- 2 Would you like anything to drink?
- 3 Are you ready to order sir?
- 4 How about some creamy mushrooms?
- a No, I'm on a diet.
- b Here you are, sir.
- c A glass of mineral water, please.
- d Yes. I'd like the chef's salad, please.

Фонд оценочных средств для проведения текущего контроля успеваемости и промежуточной аттестации.

Основное общее образование.

7 класс

| No | Тема | Наименование | Назначение | Представление |
|----|----------------|----------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| | | оценочного | КИМ | оценочного |
| | | средства | | средства в |
| | | | | фонде |
| | | I че | тверть | |
| 1 | "Входная | Входной | Средство проверки | Комплект |
| | контрольная | контрольный | умений применять | контрольных |
| | работа" | тест | полученные знания для | заданий по |
| | | | решения задач | вариантам. |
| | | | определенного типа по | |
| | | | теме или разделу. | |
| 1 | "Life Styles " | Четвертная | Средство проверки | Комплект |
| | | контрольная | умений применять | контрольных |
| | | работа за 1 | полученные знания для | заданий по |
| | | четверть | решения задач | вариантам. |
| | | | определенного типа по | |
| | | | теме или разделу. | |
| | | | нетверть | 1 |
| 1 | "Profiles" | Четвертная | Средство проверки | Комплект |
| | | контрольная | умений применять | контрольных |
| | | работа | полученные знания для | заданий по |
| | | За II четверть | решения задач | вариантам. |
| | | | определенного типа по | |
| | | | теме или разделу. | |
| | T | III | четверть | 1 |
| 1 | "Having fun" | Четвертная | Средство проверки | Комплект |
| | | контрольная | умений применять | контрольных |
| | | работа за | полученные знания для | заданий по |
| | | Шчетверть | решения задач | вариантам. |
| | | | определенного типа по | |
| | | | теме или разделу. | |
| | | IV четверть | | |
| 1 | "Shopping | Итоговая | Средство проверки | Комплект |
| | time" | контрольная | умений применять | контрольных |
| | | работа | полученные знания для | заданий по |
| | | За IVчетверть | решения задач | вариантам. |
| | | | определенного типа по | |
| | | | теме или разделу. | |

Входная контрольная работа в 7 классе. Entry test

1.Reading

1)Read the text and do the tasks below.

Hello, I am Mary! I lead a busy life. I usually wake up at 7.30 am. I never have late nights. I always go to bed before 10 pm. When I go to school, I have a strict daily routine. My dad drives

me to school. Lessons start at 8/30 am and finish at 2/30 pm. My brother picks me up from school and takes me home. Every Monday and Thursday I have Spanish classes after school. On Wednesday and Saturday I play basketball. So, I get home at 5 pm three times a week. In the afternoons , I do my homework and I read books or watch TV for half an hour before I go to bed. At the weekends , I go to the cinema with my friends or go on shorttrips to the countryside with my parents.

a) Put true or false.

- 1. Mary usually gets up at half past seven.
- 2.Mary's dad brings her to school.
- 3. She has Italian classes every Monday and Thursday.
- 4. She plays basketball on Wednesday.
- 5. She stays at home at the weekends.

b)Answer the questions.

- 1.Does she lead a busy life?
- 2. When do her lessons start?
- 3. When does she do her homework?
- 4.Does she go to bed late?
- 5. What does she do at the weekends?

2. Write in on/in/at

- 1.----10 October
- 2.----half past four
- 3.---- 1987
- 4.----Friday morning
- 5.---- the morning
- 6.----summer

3.Put the words in the correct form.

- 1. always/London/to/go/we/spring/in.
- 2. usually/stay/we/a/hotel/in.
- 3.never/our/with/grandparents/come/us.
- 4. we/café/go/a/often/to/the/evening.

4. Put the verbs in brackets in the correct form.

- 1.Listen! Somebody (sing).
- 2.I'm sorry. I (not understand).
- 3. You can turn off the TV. I (not watch) it.
- 4. Sarah usually (walk) to school.

5. Complete the sentences and use comparative and superlative forms.

- 1. This coffee is very weak. I like it a bit (strong)
- 2. The room in the hotel was really big. I expected it to be (small)
- 3. It is the (old) church in my city.
- 4. Russia is (big) country in the world.

Контрольная работа за 1 четверть 7 класс на тему "Life Styles "

Variant A

| 4 | T 4 41 | | 1 1 4 | • 4 4 | D | ~ · |
|----|----------|-------------|----------|----------|----------|-------------|
| | Piit tha | vorhe in | hrackate | into the | Pact | Continuous. |
| 1. | I ut uic | 1 CT D2 III | DIACNCIS | mio me | 1 ast | Comunuous. |

- 1) We ____(plan) to go to the zoo, but we stayed home instead.
- 2) Jackie _____(take) notes during the lesson.
- 3) The students _____(work)hard because they wanted a good mark in the exam.

| 2. | Put the verbs in brackets into the Past Continuous or Past Simple. |
|-----|--|
| 1) | Steve(get dressed), had had breakfast and then went to work. |
| 2) | He(cook) when the lights went out. |
| 3) | David(ride) his bicycle while Kevin was skateboarding. |
| 3. | Fill in the gaps using with, off or on. |
| | The meeting wentfor hours and hours. |
| | The car alarm went and woke everyone up. |
| 3) | The milk will goif you don't use it soon. |
| 4. | Read the text and answer the questions. |
| | On 12 th June, a 'Fun Run 'took place in the town of Sunnyfield. A group of sixteen-years-old students from the local high school came up with the idea and over 500 people of all ages took part. Luckily, it was a sunny day. Everyone had fun running, walking or skate-boarding the 10-mile distance. Thanks the event, 2,346\$ was raised for the charity 'Cancer Care'. Suzie Hamilton, one of the students who organized the run, said, "We wanted to do something useful for others and this seemed the most fun thing to do." The local headmaster was so proud, he decided to make the event part of the school's years calendar. |
| 5. | 1)Who planned the event? 2)How many people took part? 3)What was the weather like during the 'run'? 4)How far did they have to do? 5)What happened as result of the event? Complete the sentences with the correct word. |
| | |
| 1 \ | fashion music text messages horoscopes article gossip I read an interesting about the media. |
| | My sister buys a popular magazine to read about famous people lives. |
| - | The programme plays all the latest hits. |
| 3) | The programme plays an the latest lifts. |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | Variant B |
| | <u>1.</u> Put the verbs in brackets into the Past Continuous. |
| | 1). The pupils(work) hard because they wanted a good mark in the exam. |
| | 2). What(you/do) last night? |
| | 3). He(play) with his nephews all day Saturday. |

| 2.Put the verbs in brackets into the Past Continuous or Past Simple. | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1). Jim(get dressed), had had breakfast and then went to work. | | | | | | | |
| 2). She(cook) when the lights went out. | | | | | | | |
| 3). Kevin(ride) his bicycle while David was skateboarding. | | | | | | | |
| 3. Fill in the gaps using with, off or on. | | | | | | | |
| 1). The meeting wentfor hours and hours. | | | | | | | |
| 2). The car alarm went and woke everyone up. | | | | | | | |
| 3). The milk will goif you don't use it soon. | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| 1. Read the text and answer the questions. | | | | | | | |
| On 12 th June, a 'Fun Run 'took place in the town of Sunnyfield. A group of sixteen-years-old students from the local high school came up with the idea and over 500 people of all ages took part. Luckily, it was a sunny day. Everyone had fun running, walking or skate-boarding the 10-mile distance. Thanks the event, 2,346\$ was raised for the charity 'Cancer Care'. Suzie Hamilton, one of the students who organized the run, said, "We wanted to do something useful for others and this seemed the most fun thing to do." The local headmaster was so proud, he decided to make the event part of the school's year calendar. | | | | | | | |
| 1)Who planned the event? 2)How many people took part? 3)What was the weather like during the 'run'? 4)How far did they have to do? 5)What happened as result of the event? | | | | | | | |
| 2. Complete the sentences with the correct word. | | | | | | | |
| fashion music text messages horoscopes article gossip 1 try to tell you what will happen in the future. 2. Polly likes to send to her friends. 3. Jane buys 'Cosmopolitan' for its advice. | | | | | | | |
| Контрольная работа за 2 четверть 7 класс на тему «Профиль» | | | | | | | |
| Variant A | | | | | | | |
| 1. Fill in the correct word and write these sentences down. | | | | | | | |
| curious daring patient athletic imaginative determined | | | | | | | |
| 1) Be! We'll be out of here in a minute. | | | | | | | |

| 2) | Michael goes snowboarding in winter and windsurfing in summer. He is very | | | | |
|----|--|--|--|--|--|
| 3) | We did something last weekend. We went bungee jumping! | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 2. | Complete the sentences using the correct relative pronoun or relative adverb. | | | | |
| | Jane,favourite hobby is fencing, also loves swimming. | | | | |
| | I'm talking about the girl has long brown hair and green eyes. | | | | |
| 2) | I in talking about the giri has long brown han and green eyes. | | | | |
| 2 | Complete the sentences using the correct form of the word and write them down. | | | | |
| | - | | | | |
| | I thought the film was really(disappoint). | | | | |
| 2) | I found the book really(bore). | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | Complete the sentences using back, away or up. | | | | |
| | Tom gave boxing five years ago. | | | | |
| 2) | Shelly gave her book collection to the school library. | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 5. | Read the following text and mark the sentences T (true) or F (false). | | | | |
| | The person I admire the most is Albert Einstein. He was born on 14th March, 1879, in the | | | | |
| | Germantown of Ulm in Wurttemburg. Einstein was the greatest scientist of all time. One of his most famous discoveries is the mathematical equation about the nature of energy: $E = mc \ 2$. Einstein loved | | | | |
| | physics and learning. He never stopped exploring the world of science and hewrote many books and | | | | |
| | articles explaining his theories. Some of them are at the Institute of Advanced Study in | | | | |
| | Princeton. People in universities all over the world respected Einstein. He was awarded with honorary | | | | |
| | degrees in science, medicine and philosophy. In 1921, he was awarded the Nobel Prize in Physics. | | | | |
| | Despite his intelligence, Einstein is also famous for being a very funny man!I admire Albert Einstein | | | | |
| | for his love of learning and the fact that he discovered new things. He always kept his mind active. | | | | |
| 1 | | | | | |
| | Einstein was born in Germany. Einstein loved Maths. | | | | |
| | He wrote articles about science. | | | | |
| | In 1911, he was awarded the Nobel Prize in Physics. | | | | |
| 5. | and the second of the second o | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | <u>Variant B</u> | | | | |
| | 1. Fill in the correct word and write these sentences down. | | | | |
| | curious daring patient athletic imaginative determined | | | | |
| | parent amend imaginarite determined | | | | |
| 1) | . Peter is very He comes up with the most amazing stories. | | | | |
| 2) |). Don't be so! If he wants to tell you what happened, he will. | | | | |

| 3) | . My sister is very When she wants something she does everything she can to achieve it. |
|--|--|
| 1. | Complete the sentences using the correct relative pronoun or relative adverb. |
| 1) | . This is the skate-parkpeople come to skateboard. |
| 2) | . 2001 was the yearwe played in the chess tournament. |
| 2. | Complete the sentences using the correct form of the word and write them down. |
| | 1). He found the book really(bore). |
| | 2). Jane is always(tire) after work. |
| 3. | Complete the sentences using back, away or up. |
| | 1). John gave boxing two years ago. |
| | 2). Give me my skateboard! |
| 4. | Read the following text and mark the sentences T (true) or F (false). |
| | The person I admire the most is Albert Einstein. He was born on 14th March, 1879, in the Germantown of Ulm in Wurttemburg. Einstein was the greatest scientist of all time. One of his most famous discoveries is the mathematical equation about the nature of energy: $E = mc \ 2$. Einstein loved physics and learning. He never stopped exploring the world of science and hewrote many books and articles explaining his theories. Some of them are at the Institute of Advanced Study in Princeton.People in universities all over the world respected Einstein. He was awarded with honorary degrees in science, medicine and philosophy. In 1921, he was awarded the Nobel Prize in Physics. Despite his intelligence, Einstein is also famous for being a very funny man!I admire Albert Einstein for his love of learning and the fact that he discovered new things. He always kept his mind active. |
| 6.7.8. | Einstein was born in Germany. Einstein loved Maths. He wrote articles about science. In 1911, he was awarded the Nobel Prize in Physics. Kerry admires Einstein for his love of learning. |
| | Контрольная работа за 3 четверть 7 класс на тему «Веселимся» |
| | <u>Variant A</u> |
| 1) | Put the verbs in brackets into Present Perfect: The girls(not/write) their exercise. I (visit) a landmark. |

| 3) | Steve(not/wash) his face yet. | | | | | |
|----------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| 2. | Complete the sentences using the words in the box. | | | | | |
| | roundacrossout | | | | | |
| | She came a l They came to | | | | | |
| 3. | Put the words in the cor | rect order to make ı | up sentences. | | | |
| 2. | have / I / to / camp / adver you / have / ever / with / c never /I/ seen /robot / hav | characters /shaken /ca | | | | |
| 4. | Read the letter and choo | ose A, B or C to com | plete the gaps. | | | |
| | here since Thursday and It On Friday, we went to see the circus before. It was a 3 the trap a hair 4 endressed in funny costumer circus, you should go – it – they are the best! | ave already seen and e The Moscow State of perfect evening full of eze artists flying high experience! Luckily, no estoo, as well as other is an 5) | rents and am having a whale of a time. We have been I done so much. Circus. I was so 1 as I had never been to of amazing 2) Most of all, I enjoyed a up in the air. I have never seen anything like it! It was so one fell down! Of course, there were also clowns artists. If you ever get the chance to see this famous experience. And, don't forget to try the toffee apples the too. Will tell you more about it when I see you. | | | |
| | 1) A. excited | B. exciting | C. excitement | | | |
| | 2) A. landmarks | B. souvenirs | C. tricks | | | |
| | 3) A. watching | B . watch | C. to watch | | | |
| | 4) A. hiking | B . riding | C. raising | | | |
| | 5) A. unforgettable | B. forgettable | C. forgetful | | | |
| | 6) A. fancy | B . fun | C. funny | | | |
| | <u>Variant B</u> | | | | | |
| 1.f | out the verbs in brackets i | | | | | |
| 1) 2) 3) | (Lisa\ already\ send) an email to her cousin? | | | | | |

2. Complete the sentences using the words in the box

| | roundacross | sout | |
|----|--|---|--|
| | | a letter from an old f | |
| | 2). They came | to work when we ca | alled them. |
| | 1).you / arrived / just / ha 2). hasn't / She / yet / pac | | |
| 4. | Read the letter and choo | ose A, B or C to complete t | he gaps. |
| | here since Thursday and here since Thursday and here of the circus before. It was a 3 the trap a hair 4 e dressed in funny costume circus, you should go – it – they are the best! | have already seen and done are The Moscow State Circus. perfect evening full of ama eze artists flying high up in experience! Luckily, no one is too, as well as other artists is an 5) experience. | and am having a whale of a time. We have been so much. I was so 1 as I had never been to zing 2) Most of all, I enjoyed the air. I have never seen anything like it! It was fell down! Of course, there were also clowns. If you ever get the chance to see this famous erience. And, don't forget to try the toffee apples Will tell you more about it when I see you. |
| | 1) A. excited | B. exciting | C. excitement |
| | 2) A . landmarks | B. souvenirs | C. tricks |
| | 3) A. watching | B. watch | C. to watch |
| | 4) A. hiking | B . riding | C. raising |
| | 5) A. unforgettable | B. forgettable | C. forgetful |
| | 6) A. fancy | B . fun | C. funny |
| | | | |

Контрольная работа за 4 четверть 7 класс на тему «Время покупок»

Variant A

1. Put the items from the shopping list into the correct categories.

| 11 0 | 8 | |
|---------------|----------------------|--|
| Shopping list | Fruit and vegetables | |

| chocolate bread | Meat and poultry | |
|-----------------|---------------------|--|
| tomatoes coffee | Diary products | |
| yoghurt tea | Beverages | |
| bananas crisps | Cereals, grains and | |
| | pasta | |
| chicken cereal | Snacks | |
| chops peppers | | |

| 2. | Use the phrasal ve | erb take (off, b | ack, out, away) to | fill in the gaps. |
|----|--|----------------------|---------------------------|---|
| 1. | Twosandwiches | | , please. | |
| 2. | Shoes turned to be | small, so I | them | to the shop. |
| 3. | Fill in: box, can, can | arton, bottle, c | up, tin, packet, jai | r. |
| | 1.a | of cereal | 5. a | of honey |
| | 2.a | of milk | 6. a | of sardines |
| | 3.a | of tea | 7. a | of water |
| | 3.a 4.a | of cola | 8. a | of crisps |
| 4. | Use the Present Po | erfect Continu | ious | |
| | 1. The vegetables | | | (boil) since 10 o'clock. |
| | 2. He | | (wait) | for her answer for six months. |
| | | | | job applications for 3 months. |
| 5. | Use:some, any, no 1. There were 2. Well, anyway, th 3. Have you ever se | nere is | need to hurr | y, now that we have missed the train. s before? |
| | 6. Use: much or ma 1. I don't eat 2. He does not eat 7. Use: little or fe 1. He has got 2. I drink | mangoe fis w friends | sh. s. | |

Variant B.

1.Put the items from the shopping list into the correct categories.

| Shopping list | Fruit and vegetables | |
|-----------------|----------------------|--|
| chocolate bread | Meat and poultry | |
| tomatoes coffee | Diary products | |
| yoghurt tea | Beverages | |

| bananas crisps | Cereals, grains and |
|----------------|---------------------|
| | pasta |
| chicken cereal | Snacks |
| chops peppers | |

| 2.Use the | e phrasal verb ta | ke (off, back, out, | away) to fill in the | gaps. |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|
| 1.It's too hot h | ere. I think I'll | the fur coa | atyou | |
| 2.There's a par | rty with celebrities | s. So I am | you | for the party. |
| | | | | |
| 3.Fill in: | box, can, carton, | bottle, cup, tin, p | acket, jar. | |
| 1.a | of cereal | 5. a | of honey of sardines of water | |
| 2.a | of milk | 6. a | of sardines | |
| 3.a | of tea | 7. a | of water | |
| 4.a | of cola | 8. a | of crisps | |
| 4.Use the | e Present Perfect | Continuous | | |
| | | | y documents since | last Sunday. |
| | | | Japanese for a cou | |
| | | | y) computer games | |
| | | | | |
| 5.Use: <i>so</i> | me, any, no | | | |
| 1. There is | water in | the kettle: they ha | ave drunk it all. | |
| 2. There were | birch | nes in that forest, b | out so many pines. | |
| | | | plums instea | ad. |
| | | | | |
| 6. Use: much o | or many | | | |
| 1. She ate so | dessei | t that she is in bed | l today with a stom | achache. |
| | so pa | | Ž | |
| 7. Use: <i>littl</i> | le or few | | | |
| 1 We must be | mur. Walva act | | | |
| | | rytin | | |
| ∠. This univers | any oners very | scholar | smps. | |

Фонд оценочных средств для проведения текущего контроля успеваемости и промежуточной аттестации Основное общее образование 8 класс

Английский язык

| № | Тема | Наименование | ICHAM | Назначение | Представление |
|---|------|------------------------|-------|------------|---------------|
| | | оценочного средства | КИМ | | оценочного |

| | | | | средства в фонде | |
|-------------|------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| | I четверть | | | | |
| 1 | "Входная контрольная работа" | Входной контрольный тест | Средство проверки умений применять полученные знания для | Комплект контрольных заданий по | |
| | • | | решения задач определенного типа по теме или разделу. | вариантам. | |
| 2 | "Socialising " | Четвертная контрольная работа за 1 четверть | Средство проверки умений применять полученные знания для решения задач определенного типа по теме или разделу. | Комплект контрольных заданий по вариантам. | |
| | T | | четверть | | |
| 1 | "Great mind" | Четвертная контрольная работа За II четверть | Средство проверки умений применять полученные знания для решения задач определенного типа по теме или разделу. | Комплект контрольных заданий по вариантам. | |
| | | III | четверть | | |
| 1 | "Be yourself" | Четвертная контрольная работа за Шчетверть | Средство проверки умений применять полученные знания для решения задач определенного типа по теме или разделу. | Комплект контрольных заданий по вариантам. | |
| IV четверть | | | | | |
| 1 | «Education» | Итоговая контрольная работа За IVчетверть | Средство проверки умений применять полученные знания для решения задач определенного типа по теме или разделу. | Комплект контрольных заданий по вариантам. | |

Входная контрольная работа по английскому языку в 8 классе.

Вариант 1

- 1. Передайте следующие повествовательные предложения в косвенной речи.
 - 1) Hesaidtome: "Theyarestaying at Grand Europehotel".
 - 2)He said: "They are leaving next Monday".
 - 3) The clerk said to them: "you can leave the key with the maid upstairs"
 - 4)Masha said: "I usually spend my holiday in the South".

- 2. Расскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в требующейся форме. 1)If I (to live) in 1703, I (not to have) a computer. 2) If he (to invite), he (to come) to the party last Sunday. 3)If her alarm clock (to ring), she (to be) on time for work this morning. 4) If she (not to be) very ill, she (not to be) absent from English lessons all last week. 3. Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполнитепропускиполученнымисловами. IcomefromEnglandbutnowIlivepermanentlyinQuébec, Canada. When my parents BRING me to Canada, I was fifteen. It was the winter and I by the amount of snow there. I asked my new friends what they **IMPRESS** usually DO for entertainment in such a cold climate. Their answer was CHILD and adults go skiing and skating." Before simple, "In winter arriving in Canada I had never tried skating and my Canadian ice experience was really painful. To start with, it took I half an hour to put on the skates. I how to move so my new friends showed me some basic NOT/KNOW techniques. However, when I was left alone on the ice, I _____FALL__ immediately. When I opened my eyes, my new friends were standing around. They weren't laughing, they looked worried. "Are you OK?" they asked. "Fine," I said, "I wish I CAN skate as easily as you do." "You definitely will," they smiled. And they were right. By the end of my ONE winter in Canada, I felt confident on the ice. More than that, I found out that skating was a really exciting activity! 4. Напишитеписьмовашемудругу. You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen friend Jack who writes: ...Youknow, Idon't watchmuchtelevision. I prefer the Internet. Is television popular in Russia? Which do you prefer: watching films at home or going to the cinema? Why? Are film actors well – known in your country? By the way, we have a new art teacher. Write a letter to Jack. In your letter a)answer his question b)ask three questions about his art teacher. Вариант 2
 - 1. Передайте следующие повествовательные предложения в косвенной речи.
 - 1)Shesaid: "IspentmyholidaysintheCrimea last year.
 - 2)Boris said: "I go to the south every year".
 - 3)Ann said to us: "They haven't yet come".
 - 4)He said: "I'll not stay with my friends too long".
 - 2. Расскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в требующейся форме.

- 1) If I (to get) a ticket, I (to go) to the concert.
 - 2) If I (to live) near a wood, I (to gather) a lot of mushrooms.
 - 3) If I (to see) her, I (to be) glad.
 - 4)If I (to be) you, I (to study) much better.
- 3. Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполнитепропускиполученнымисловами.

| Iunexpectedlymetmyoldfriend | dNatalieatametrosta | ationinParis. I | recognised her at on | ce though we |
|---|---------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| hadn't seen each other for ten | years. Now she wo | orks as a | <u>REPORT</u> | for Le |
| Figaro newspaper. Our | FRIEND | began | when we were at sch | iool. After |
| school, Natalie left Britain. Fi | rench was her favor | urite subject a | nd she went to unive | rsity in Paris. |
| Now she is a very | SUCCESS | journalist | Her life is busy and | exciting. I |
| was <u>LUCK</u> | that she mana | ged to find so | me time for me. Nata | die made my |
| visit to Paris FOR | | | | |
| in the city. In the evening we | watched a perform | ance at The G | rand Opera House. I | t is one of the |
| most <u>FAME</u> | Opera Houses i | n the world. | | |
| 4. Напишитеписьмовашему You have received a letter from | | eaking pen fri | end Jane who writes: | |
| Tou have received a retter me | in your English sp | eaning pen in | ona vano wno wnices | ' |
| Last week I passed my dr drive cars? Do you think it's distances? WhyHavetravelle | better to use some | _ | 2 | |
| Sorry, I must finish now as l | have to collect my | sister from the | ie kindergarten | |

Write a letter to Jane.

In your letter a)answer her questions b)ask 3 questions about her sister.

Контрольная работа за 1 четверть в 8 классе

Вариант 1

1. Underline the correct item.

- 1. This dish is delicious and doesn't take **much/many** time to prepare.
- 2. What is Jane doing? She has **been to/been in** the dressing room for an hour.
- 3. There were very **little/few** people at the restaurant, so it was easy for us to find a table.

- 4. Lyn's family moved to Spain from -/ the UK when she was still a baby.

- 5. Your doctor can give you some good **advice/ advices** on how to follow a more balances diet.
 6. Dad will back in half an hour. He's **gone to/been to** the newsagent's to pick up today's paper.
 7. Ann can't make it to dinner tonight, but the good news **is/ are** that she'll be able to spend the whole weekend with us.

| 8. Her grandmother has a gold Russian/ Russian gold pair of earrings. |
|---|
| 9. Can I pay by/in cheque, please? 10. "Do you want to have lunch with me?" – "Sure. I have a little/a few free time before my next class." |
| 2. Fill in the missing word. There are three answers you do not need to use. Pride, packed, pinch, fussy, demand, side, basically, stock |
| If you add a of salt, it will taste better. It's very popular so it is in great at the moment. Traditional Spanish tortilla, which is a thick potato omelette, is very popular in Spain. A lot of young children don't like many types of food. They are eaters. Mothers take great in creating 'school-bentos' for their children. |
| 3. Put the words in brackets into the Present Perfect or the Present Perfect Continuous. |
| 1. He(work) very hard recently. He needs some time off. |
| 2(you /ever/ eat) Chinese food? |
| 3. Liz (go) to the flea market. She'll be back in an hour. |
| 4(you/clean) all morning? |
| 5. We (not/buy) all our Christmas presents yet. |
| 4. Underline the correct item. |
| 1. This dish is delicious and doesn't take much/many time to prepare. |
| 2. What is Jane doing? She has been to/been in the dressing room for an hour. |
| 3. There were very little/few people at the restaurant, so it was easy for us to find a table. |
| 4. Lyn's family moved to Spain from -/ the UK when she was still a baby. |
| 5. Your doctor can give you some good advice/ advices on how to follow a more balances diet. |
| 6. Dad will back in half an hour. He's gone to/been to the newsagent's to pick up today's paper. |
| 7. Ann can't make it to dinner tonight, but the good news is/ are that she'll be able to spend the whole |
| weekend with us. |
| 8. Her grandmother has a gold Russian/ Russian gold pair of earrings. |
| 9. Can I pay by/incheque, please? |
| 10. "Do you want to have lunch with me?" – "Sure. I have a little/a few free time before my next class." |
| |
| 5. Use the sentences (a-e) to complete the dialogue. |

| 1. Lisa: This antique table is really beautiful. 1) | _ a) It was a bargain. |
|--|---|
| Maria: Yes, I bought it 2 days ago. 2) | b) Is it new? |
| Lisa: It really suits your living room. | |
| Where did you buy it? | c) I'm glad you like it. |
| Maria: 3)d) It's just around the corner fr | rom the florist's. |
| Lisa: I've never been there. Whereabouts is it? | e) At Pete's Antique Shop in the town centre. |
| Maria: 4) | |

Lisa: Was it expensive?

Maria: Not at all. 5) _____. I got it for half the original price. Lisa: Fantastic! Maybe I'll go and have a look on Saturday.

Maria: We can go together if you like.

Lisa: Great! See you there.

Вариант 2

1. Underline the correct item.

- 1. It's fun looking through the things at the open-air malls /stalls.
- 2. "I like scrambled eggs. How about you?" -"I prefer them **poached/ mashed."**
- 3. Be careful not to **spill the salt /spill the beans** and tell Tom about a surprise party.
- 4. Don't worry, I'll show you how to set the table for a formal dinner; it's a cup of tea/piece of cake.

- 5. "I can't believe that we spent so much money at the supermarket!" "Well, prices have gone with/ up again."
- 6. Liz is on a very tight **budget/bargain** right now, so she doesn't want to spend money on anything she doesn't really need.
- 7. She bought a beautiful handbag that goes with /off all her clothes.
- 8. Milk and other dairy products are very **appealing/ nourishing** for young children, as they help them grow strong and healthy.
- 9. The loud street **bargains/vendors** create a colourful atmosphere.

| 10. Can you pour/ peel the vegetables, please?2. Fill in the missing word. There are three a | answers you do not need t | o use. |
|---|--|---------------------|
| demand, pinch, fussy,packed, side, basically, p | oride, stock | |
| 1. A lot of young children don't like many types o | f food. They are | eaters. |
| 2. Mothers take great in creating 'sch | ool-bentos' for their children | |
| 3. It's very popular so it is in great a | t the moment. | |
| 4. If you add a of salt, it will tast | e better. | |
| 5. Traditional Spanish tortilla, which is a | thick potato omelette, is very | popular in Spain. |
| 3. Put the words in brackets into the Presen | t Perfect or the Present P | erfect Continuous. |
| 1. We (not/buy) all our Christmas 2 (you/write) all morning? 3. Phil (go) to the supermarket. He'll 4 (you /ever/ eat) Japanese food? 5. He (work) very hard recently. He is 4. Underline the correct item. | be back in an hour. | |
| Tom can't make it to dinner tonight, but the good weekend with us. Can I pay by/incheque, please? Mark will back in half an hour. He's gone to/be Her aunt has a gold Russian/Russian gold pair "Do you want to have lunch with me?" - "Sure. | een to the newsagent's to picers of earrings. | k up today's paper. |
| 6. There were very little/few people at the restaura 7. This dish is delicious and doesn't take much/m : 8. Helen's family moved to German from -/ the 9. What is Kate doing? She has been to/been in th 10. Your doctor can give you some good advice/ at 10. | any time to prepare. UK when she was still a baby e dressing room for an hour. | 7. |
| 5. Use the sentences (a-e) to complete the dia | alogue. | |
| Lisa: This antique table is really beautiful. 1) Maria: Yes, I bought it 2 days ago. 2) Lisa: It really suits your living room. | a) I'm glad you like it.b) Is it new? | |
| Where did you buy it? Maria: 3)d)It was a bargain. Lisa: I've never been there. Whereabouts is it? | c) It's just around the corre) At Pete's Antique Shop | |

| Maria: 4) |
|---|
| Lisa: Was it expensive? |
| Maria: Not at all. 5) I got it for half the original price. |
| Lisa: Fantastic! Maybe I'll go and have a look on Saturday. |
| Maria: We can go together if you like. |
| Lisa: Great! See you there. |

Контрольная работа за 2 четверть

Вариант 1

1. Choose the correct word to fill in the gaps.

e.g. invented discovered

a) Mike *invented* the device, but it was his brother who put it on the market.

| b) Columbus discovered America in 1492. |
|---|
| 1 Geography Earth Science |
| a) Tom finds fascinating, because he learns a lot of things about the formation and history of our |
| planet. |
| b) Mary wants to travel to all those countries she studied in her class. |
| 2 raise lift |
| a) You don't have to your voice. I can hear you very well. |
| b) This sofa is really heavy. Help me it. |
| 3 salary wage |
| a) He earns a lot. He has a high |
| b) The company has announced an increase in the workers' hourly |
| 4 employers employees |
| a) The company's business is growing, so it needs to hire more |
| b) Ann is very happy because her gave her a pay rise. |
| 2. Fill in the missing word. There are three answers you do not need to use. |
| Freelancer, permission, shift, living, bring up, conclusion, invented, deadline, swapped, sound, bring out, overtime |
| The police came to the that it wasn't the accountant who had stolen the money. I addresses with the two girls I met on holiday. Does your dad often work? |
| 4. Susan asked for to leave early. |
| 5. Charles Babbage the computer. |
| 6. It is amazing how Ann has been able to four children and work at the same time. I really admire |
| her. |
| 7. He works as a from home. |
| 8. Alex has a tough to meet, so he's been working during the weekend. |
| 9. What does your mum do for a? |
| 3. Put the verbs in brackets into the Past Perfect or the Past Perfect Continuous. |
| "Lisa was exhausted yesterday." – "I know. She(study) for a history exam all day." "Why was Mr. Smith angry with Pam?" – "Because she (not/ finish) her work. How long (you/study) French before you first visited France? |
| 4. They (live) in Spain before they moved to Greece. |
| 5 (she/ finish) making the lunch when the guests arrived? |
| 4. Put the verbs in brackets into the Past simple, Past Perfect or the Past Perfect |
| Continuous. |
| |
| 1. Kate (go) out with her friends after she had finished her homework. |
| 2. Dr Stephens (perform) a lot of experiments before he made an important discovery. |
| 3. How long (you/wait) before the bus arrived? |
| 4. When(James/ graduate) from the university? |
| 5. Sam (not/ win) the Young Inventor of the Year Award last year, but he's sure he will this year. |
| 5. Underlinethe correct item. |
| |
| 1. I believe Sam will have a brilliant career in/ at law. |
| 2. Her husband's new job brings around/in an extra 200 pounds a week. |
| 3. Mary was under/in charge of presenting our science project to the class yesterday. |
| |

- 4. This song brings out/back happy memories from my childhood.
 5. I don't think Evelyn can work well under/ in pressure; maybe someone else should do this project.

- 6. In/At the beginning of his career, Thomas Edison mostly invented telegraphic devices.
- 7. Abraham Lincoln began his political career at/in the young age of twenty-three.
- 8. The new government has brought **round/ about** manychanges in education.
- 9. Ben couldn't believe it **while/when** he won first prize at the science show.

6. Use the sentences (a-e) to complete the dialogue.

| Pat: Guess what! I've got some great news. | a) How does ne like his new job? |
|--|---|
| Sue: 1) | b) That's too bad. |
| Pat: My brother got a new job last week.c) Really | ? What happened? |
| Sue:2) | d) What does his new job involve? |
| Pat: Yes, he works for a company as a computer pr | rogrammer.e) Wow! That's fantastic! |
| Sue:3) | |
| Pat: Well, he creates software for the company. | |
| Sue:4) | |
| Pat: He loves it, but the pay isn't really that good. | |
| Sue:5) Is he disappointed? | |
| Pat: No, he's very optimistic that he'll get a pay ris | se in the near future. |
| Sue: That's great. | |

Вариант 2

1. Choose the correct word to fill in the gaps.

e.g. invented discovered

- a) Mike *invented* the device, but it was his brother who put it on the market.
- b) Columbus discovered America in 1492.

| 1 job work |
|---|
| a) Cindy has been looking for since the beginning of the month. |
| b) James wants to find a second because he needs the extra money. |
| 2 toddlerinfant |
| a) Ben a cute! He's just learning to walk and he keeps falling down all the time. |
| b) Of course Annie can't talk yet; she just a four-month old! |
| 3 salary wage |
| a) If Jane gets the promotion, it will add an extra four thousand pounds to her annual |
| b) The pizza delivery boy thought his was rather low for a full day's work. |
| 4 raise lift |
| a) Jake's back hurts because he tried to a very heavy box on his own. |
| b) If you have any questions, please your hand. |
| 2. Fill in the missing word. There are three answers you do not need to use. |
| Freelancers, permission, shift, living, bring up, conclusion, invented, deadline, swapped, sound, bring out, overtime |
| 1. Ann asked for to leave early. |
| 2. She works as a from home. |
| 3. What does your dad do for a? |
| 4. The police came to the that it wasn't the accountant who had stolen the money. |
| 5. Ben has a tough to meet, so he's been working during the weekend. |
| 6. It is amazing how Liz has been able to five children and work at the same time. I really admire |
| her. |
| 7. I addresses with the two girls I met on holiday. |
| 8. Charles Babbage the computer. |
| 9. Does your dad often work? |
| 3. Put the verbs in brackets into the Past Perfect or the Past Perfect Continuous. |
| 1 (he/ finish) making the lunch when the guests arrived? |
| 2. How long (you/study) English before you first visited England? |
| 3. They (live) in France for ten years before they moved to Canada. |
| 4. "Why was Mr. Black angry with Ann?" – "Because she (not/ finish) her work. |
| 5. Grandma (go) to the supermarket before they got home from school. |
| 4. Put the verbs in brackets into the Past simple, Past Perfect or the Past Perfect Continuous. |
| 1 (the children/see) their mother yesterday? |
| 2. John (try) to fix his computer for two hours before he decided to call a professional. |
| 3. Laura (read) the report many times before she gave it to her boss. |
| 4. Tom (not/ come) with us last night because he had arranged to go out with his colleagues. |
| 5. Two weeks ago Dr Stephens (perform) an experiment with the help of some university |
| students. |
| |

5. Underlinethe correct item.

- Abraham Lincoln began his political career at/in the young age of twenty-three.
 Jim couldn't believe it while/when he won first prize at the science show.
 In/At the beginning of his career, Thomas Edison mostly invented telegraphic devices.

- 4. The new government has brought **round/ about** manychanges in education.
- 5. I don't think Mary can work well **under/ in** pressure; maybe someone else should do this project.
- 6. Tim was **under/in** chargeof presenting our science project to the class yesterday.
- 7. I believe Kate will have a brilliant career in/ at law.
- 8. This song brings **out/back** happy memories from my childhood.
- 9. Her husband's new job brings **around/in** an extra 150 pounds a week.

6. Use the sentences (a-e) to complete the dialogue.

| Pat: Guess what! I've got some great news. | a) What does his new job involve? |
|--|--|
| Sue: 1) | b) That's too bad. |
| Pat: My brother got a new job last week.c) Wow! | That's fantastic |
| Sue:2) | d) How does he like his new job? |
| Pat: Yes, he works for a company as a computer pro | ogrammer. e)!Really? What happened? |
| Sue:3) | |
| Pat: Well, he creates software for the company. | |
| Sue:4) | |
| Pat: He loves it, but the pay isn't really that good. | |
| Sue:5) Is he disappointed? | |
| Pat: No, he's very optimistic that he'll get a pay rise | e in the near future. |
| Sue That's great | |

Контрольная работа за 3 четверть

1. Fill in the missing word. There are two answers you do not need to use.

| Native, beneath, give, varied, drive, catch, snaps, unspoilt, majestic, sunstroke, boat, landmarks |
|--|
| 1. I can't stand Ben and Liz. They me crazy. 2. You should wear a hat in hot weather and drink lots of water to avoid 3. We had a view of the ocean from our hotel room. 4. All the flights are delayed, so we are all in the same 5. Did you know that the people of Australia are called Aborigines? 6. I was cleaning out my room and found some old from our childhood holidays. 7. Can you please me a lift to school, Dad? 8. The area was countryside, before the town was built. 9. There was a menu at the hotel restaurant. 10. If we hurry, we can the 8 o'clock train. |
| 2.Underline the correct item. |
| What time does the plane arrive/reach in London? A team of scientists is on an excursion/expedition in Antarctica to study the climatic conditions there. |
| 3. Tom threw the ball for his dog to fetch/bring. 4. Is there place/room for one more person in your car? 5. The documentary follows Colombus' journey/ voyage to the West Indies. |
| 3.Rewrite the following statements in reported speech. |
| "It's so chilly this evening," Jill said. "I visited Spain last year,"he said. "Tom was late this morning,"Ben said. "I haven't talked to Jane recently," Ann said. |
| 4.Rewrite the following sentences in reported speech. |
| "Learn about local laws and customs," she told me. "How old is the Taj Mahal?" a tourist asked me. "Where is the nearest bus stop?' he asked. "Where is the nearest bus stop?' he asked. "Have you everlived abroad?" Ben asked 5. Fill in: at, off, in, on, for, without, aside |
| 1. Winter has started to set already, so we can go skiing. 5. The boat sank with six passengers |
| board. 2. There are many boats hire at Heritage Port. 3. They will send you the tickets by Friday delay.7. He rented a jeep and set to the village. 4. Shall we book our train tickets advance? 8. She is spending a few days the seaside. |
| 6.Complete the exchanges with the phrases below. |
| a) What a shame! b) Sounds good! c) It was fantastic. d) Good for you! e) Thank goodness! |
| 1. I spent my whole holiday in bed with the flu. 2. Did you enjoy your trip around Europe? |

| 4. We didn't le | ssport, but it was found and returned to me 2 days later. et the rain stop us from seeing the sites. ing to spend 3 weeks on a Greek island this summer. |
|-----------------|--|
| 7.Read the te | ext and mark the statements as true (T), false (F) or doesn't say (DS). |
| photos durigs | A symbol of Paris |
| | Being one of the most popular sites in the world, the Eiffel Tower attracts hundreds of thousands of tourists every year. In fact, the structure, received its two hundredth millionth guest in 2002. Located on the Champs de Mars by the Seine River, visitors can make their way to the top and admire the breathtaking view of Paris. The Tower was the inspiration of French engineer Gustave Eiffel. A very famous personality in his time, Eiffel had also done important work for the internal structure of another famous monument, the Statue of Liberty in the USA. Work on the Eiffel Tower began in 1887 and lasted until 1889, when the building was opened to the public during the Paris World Exposition. Until 1930 and the construction of the Chrysler Building in New York, the Tower remained the highest structure in the world. |
| | Many people, especially artists, criticised the structure saying that this distasteful structure did not fit in with the beauty of Paris. One of these critics was the French writer Guy de Maupassant, who ate at one of the tower's restaurants almost every day, because it was the only place in Paris from where the tower was not visible, and so he wouldn't have to see it! A lot of effort and money go into keeping the Tower in good condition. Every seven years, sixty metric tons of paint are used to repaint it. Different shades of the same colour are used on the top and darker ones on the bottom in order for the building to have an unvarying appearance. |

| Ι. | Gustave Eiffel also built the Statue of Liberty |
|----|---|
| 2. | Guy de Maupassant didn't like the Eiffel Tower |
| 3 | Over 2 million people have climbed the Fiffel Tower |

3. Over 2 million people have climbed the Eiffel Tower.

4. It took 5 years to complete the Eiffel Tower.

5. Different colours are used to repaint the Eiffel Tower. ____

Вариант 2

1. Fill in the missing word. There are two answers you do not need to use.

Native, beneath, varied, drive, catch, snaps, missed, sunstroke, boat, landmarks, booked, cuisine

| 1. Sam is going to Madrid with British Airways. He has already a seat. | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| 2. You aren't the only one waiting in this long queue. We're all in the same | | | | |
| 3. I took some at the party. | | | | |
| 4. As he walked, the leaves crunched his feet. | | | | |
| 5. Goulash soup is part of the traditional Hungarian | | | | |
| 6. Famous for its landscapes, Canada is very outdoor enthusiast's dream. | | | | |
| 7. We only have a few minutes to the bus. Let's hurry. | | | | |
| 8. Oh, you poor thing! You got from lying on the beach for too long. | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 9. I don't know how Ann babysits those naughty children. They me up the wall! | | | | |
| 10. Ben was late going to the airport. Sadly, he his flight. | | | | |
| 2.Underline the correct item. | | | | |
| 1. We arrived/ reached Rome early in the evening. | | | | |
| 2. Ann, can you bring/fetch a towel from the bathroom? | | | | |
| 2. Ann, can jou bring recen a tower from the bathroom. | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 3. We went on a guided tour/ excursion of the museum. | | | | |
| 4. This would be a nice room/place for a picnic. | | | | |
| 5. Helen is going on a business trip/voyage to Japan next week. | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 3. Rewrite the following statements in reported speech. | | | | |
| 1 "We won the final match," Charlie said.4. "I'll call you tomorrow," she said to me. | | | | |
| 2. "It's so chilly this evening," Jill said.5. "We're living in New York now," Steve said. | | | | |
| 3. "I can speak German," he said. 6. "I haven't heard from Bob for quite some time," Paul said. | | | | |
| 5. Team speak German, he said. 6. Thaven them a nom Boo for quite some time, Taur said. | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 4. Rewrite the following sentences in reported speech. | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 1. "Do not carry large amounts of cash," she told me. 4. "What are you doing?" Rick asked me. | | | | |
| 2. "What is Moscow like?" David asked Bill. 5. "Have a valid passport," the travel agent told me. | | | | |
| 3." Have you ever been to the USA?' he asked me. 6. "Do not leave your luggage unattended," he told me. | | | | |
| 5. Fill in at, off, in, on, for, without, aside | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 1. I booked my holidays advanced this year. 5. Hotels offer special rates if you travel season. | | | | |
| 2. Please send me the information delay. 6. They spent a week the seaside last summer. | | | | |
| 3. There are many bikes hire in Helsinki. 7. I've been setting a bit of money all year for my | | | | |
| 4. We had to set early in the morning to catch the holidays. | | | | |
| train. 8. The plane crashed with 126 passengers board. | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 6.Complete the exchanges with the phrases below. | | | | |
| a)Sounds good! b)Thank goodness! c)What a shame! d) Good for you! e) It was fantastic. | | | | |
| 1. I lost my passport, but it was found and returned to me 2 days later. | | | | |
| 2. Did you enjoy your trip around Europe? | | | | |
| 3. We didn't let the rain stop us from seeing the sites. | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 4. She's planning to spend 3 weeks on a Greek island this summer. | | | | |
| 5. I spent my whole holiday in bed with the flu. | | | | |
| 7. Read the text and mark the statements as true (T), false (F) or doesn't say (DS). | | | | |

A symbol of Paris

Being one of the most popular sites in the world, the Eiffel Tower attracts hundreds of thousands of tourists every year. In fact, the structure, received its two hundredth millionth guest in 2002. Located on the Champs de Mars by the Seine River, visitors can make their way to the top and admire the breathtaking view of Paris.

The Tower was the inspiration of French engineer Gustave Eiffel. A very famous personality in his time, Eiffel had also done important work for the internal structure of another famous monument, the Statue of Liberty in the USA. Work on the Eiffel Tower began in 1887 and lasted until 1889, when the building was opened to the public during the Paris World Exposition. Until 1930 and the construction of the Chrysler Building in New York, the Tower remained the highest structure in the world.

Many people, especially artists, criticised the structure saying that this distasteful structure did not fit in with the beauty of Paris. One of these critics was the French writer Guy de Maupassant, who ate at one of the tower's restaurants almost every day, because it was the only place in Paris from where the tower was not visible, and so he wouldn't have to see it!

A lot of effort and money go into keeping the Tower in good condition.

Every seven years, sixty metric tons of paint are used to repaint it.

Different shades of the same colour are used on the top and darker ones on the bottom in order for the building to have an unvarying appearance.

- 1. Different colours are used to repaint the Eiffel Tower.____
- 2.Gustave Eiffel also built the Statue of Liberty.
- 3. It took 5 years to complete the Eiffel Tower.
- 4. Guy de Maupassant didn't like the Eiffel Tower.
- 5. Over 2 million people have climbed the Eiffel Tower.

Вариант 1

1. Choose the correct word/phrase to fill in the gaps.

1. rush hour prime time

- a). I can't believe they're showing such violent films on control
- ... TV! Many young people watch at this hour.
- b) You should leave early tomorrow if you want to avoid out for

the ... traffic.

- 2. *test* exam
- a) My brother passed his driving ... yesterday. paper?
- b) Do you prefer sitting a written or an oral ...? getting a

3. temper mood

- a) John argues a lot and finds it difficult to
 - his
- b) Henry was exhausted and in no ... to go

dinner.

4. grapevine headline

- a) Have you read the ... in this morning's
- b) I heard through the ... that John is

promotion. Is that true?

2. Fill in the missing word. There are two answers you do not need to use.

Media, impact, degree, certificate, deal, connect, edits, timetable, attention, newsreader, download, extension

- 1. Computers had a huge ... on the 20th century. themselves.
- 2. I can't seem to ... to the Internet for some reason. 7. The students who pass the exam are given a
- 3. The ... on BBC1 is really handsome. activities.
- 4. It's taking ages to ... this file. computer.
- 5. Have you got your new school ... yet? area.

- 6. Teen these days use their mobiles as a(n) ... of
- 8. Multi- taskers are able to divide ... between different
- 9. A photographer ... pictures he has taken on his
- 10. Alex can't ... with the stress of moving to a new

3.Underline the correct item.

- 1. Ann may/has to leaveschool early tomorrow. She has a dentist appointment after school.
- 2. If Ben gets permission from his parents, he may/ must study in France next year.
- 3. Kate **should have/ must have**studied a lot for the history exam. He got very high mark.
- 4. Students **mustn't/ needn't** run in the school corridors. It's against the rules.
- 5. You **can/must** raise your hand and wait before you ask a question.

4. Fill in to, on, for, from, about.

- 1. I find it extremely difficult to concentrate ... my homework when the television is on.
- 2. John comes ... a very wealthy family.
- 3. My sister always blames me ... things I never do.
- 4. Most bullies don't care ... the feelings of others.
- 5. The mum yelled at the boys because they had been mean ... to the cat.

5.Choose the correct response.

| 1. What's the best way to do better in my exar | ns? A That's | the spirit. | | |
|---|--|----------------------------------|----|--|
| 2. How did you do in your maths test? | BYou co | ould revise more often during th | ıe | |
| year.3. I'll try my best to pass the history test next | time. C Pretty | well. | | |
| 4. Why don't you get a full-time job and go to | | | | |
| 5. Tom's decided to postpone his studies for a | 5. Tom's decided to postpone his studies for a year EThat's easier said than done. | | | |
| 6.Circle the most appropriate response. | | | | |
| 1. Can I borrow your dictionary, please? | A Not at all. | BOf course. | | |
| 2. Shall I carry this bag for you? | A Yes, please. | B No, you won't. | | |
| 3. We could go to the cinema tonight. | A That's a great idea. | B No, we might not. | | |
| 4. Will you explain this to me? | A Yes, I should. | B Certainly. | | |
| 5. Could I ask you a question, please? | A No, you wouldn't. | B Yes, of course. | | |

7.Read the text and match the phrases (A-F) to the gaps (41-45). There is one extra phrase.

Taking a Break in the Wild

On the first day of the programme, we met our instructor, who told us to bear in mind that this was a first-time experience for all the members in the group 43), which was quite a relief to hear. At the start of the programme, we developed a deep understanding of plants and animals in the wild. After that, we 44), as well as recognise their particular eating habits and native habitats. We also learned how to gather wild plants and prepare them for food or medicine.

A so we set off the following week for our exciting adventure

B and do something different for a change

C went on to learn how to identify different species of animals

Dbut we weren't very keen on the idea at first

E and build fires just by rubbing two sticks together

F and that everyone could learn at their own pace

1. Choose the correct word/phrase to fill in the gaps.

| | announcements Haven't you heard abo | advertisements out the train strike tomorrov | _{X/} ? | 3. gave away | | gave out our report cards, she |
|----------------------|--|--|---|---|-------------------------------------|---|
| ask | • | out the train strike tomorrow | . · · | a) As soon as wiis. | 1 y 101 | our report eards, sile |
| b) | | bout it all morning. at nearly half the pages in the | | us if we had any qu b) I don't believe | | bout our marks. ecret information about |
| | | of beauty products. degree4. exam test | | company. There m | iust be so | ome mistake. |
| | v | ty and got a in Media St | | a) She fainted w | hile she | was getting a blood |
| b) | The students who pas | ss the exam are given a | | b) When is your | univers | ity entrance ? |
| 2.1 | Fill in the missing w | ord. There are two ansv | vers you | do not need to | use. | |
| Te | st, fixed, forecast, atter | ntion,impact, generation,re | view, exte | nsion, headlines, | grapevin | ne, gadgets,deal |
| 2. 1 3. 7 4. 1 | Did you see the in tod The weather for tomo Maybe we should cancel My brother passed his dr | ay's newspaper? hom rrow is predicting heavy rain. our plans for a picnic. | nework. 7. Kate ca 8. Tom aul has lot 10. Tee | cher asked us to wri n't with the stream had his eyes on s of but his favo in these days use the mselves. | ss of mov Nina the urite is h | ving to a new area. whole evening. is laptop. |
| 3. Ū | Inderline the correct | item. | | | | |
| pro 2. S 3. 1 | ogrammes online whose can't have/must havebeer If you want to succeed Should/ May I have so | n't attend university to get hich can provide you with a nat theparty last night. She's on holic in life, you should/need to ome information about Perf too noisy, you ought to/ne | a very gooday in France o work har forming A | ed education. right now. rd, and always kee rts universities in | ep to you Britain, | r goals. please? |
| 4.] | Fill in to, for, from, ab | oout. | | | | |
| we 2. | _ | ple your mistakes. ool who comes Italy. 1 others or no one will w | 5. 2 | | | ool for the past people, she's so kind. |
| 5.0 | Choose the correct res | sponse. | | | | |
| 2. | How did you do in you | do better in my exams? Ir maths test? | | A That's eas | | than done. nore often during the |
| 4. | I'll try my best to pass Why don't you get a f | s the history test next time. full-time job and go to even ostpone his studies for a year | | C That's the DPretty we E How c | 11. | |

6. Circle the most appropriate response.

- 1. Could I ask you a question, please?
- 2. Will you explain this to me?
- 3. We could go to the cinema tonight.
- 4. Shall I carry this bag for you?
- 5.Can I borrow your dictionary, please?

A No, you wouldn't.

A Yes, I should.

A That's a great idea.

A Yes, please.

A Not at all.

BYes, of course.

BCertainly.

BNo, we might not.

B No, you won't.

BOf course.

7. Read the text and match the phrases (A-F) to the gaps (41-45). There is one extra phrase.

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A but we weren't very keen on the idea at first

B and build fires just by rubbing two sticks together

Cand that everyone could learn at their own pace

Dso we set off the following week for our exciting adventure

E went on to learn how to identify different species of animals

F and do something different for a change

9 класс Английский язык

| No | Тема | Наименован | Назначен | Представлен |
|----|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| | | ие | ие КИМ | ие |
| | | оценочного | | оценочного |
| | | средства | | средства в |
| | | _ | | фонде |
| | | I четверт | ГЬ | |
| 1 | "Входная контрольная | Входной | Средство проверки | Комплект |
| | работа" | контрольный | умений применять | контрольных |
| | | тест | полученные знания для | заданий по |
| | | | решения задач | вариантам. |
| | | | определенного типа по | |
| | | | теме или разделу. | |
| 2 | Seeittobelieve it» | Четвертная | Средство проверки | Комплект |
| | | контрольная | умений применять | контрольных |
| | | работа за 1 | полученные знания для | заданий по |
| | | четверть | решения задач | вариантам. |
| | | _ | определенного типа по | |
| | | | теме или разделу. | |
| | | IIчетве | рть | |
| 3 | " | Четвертная | Средство проверки | Комплект |
| | Technology»(Современн | контрольная | умений применять | контрольных |
| | ые | работа | полученные знания для | заданий по |
| | | За II четверть | решения задач | вариантам. |
| | | | определенного типа по | |
| | | | теме или разделу. | |
| | | Шчетве | рть | |
| 4 | Staying safe | Четвертная | Средство проверки | Комплект |
| | | контрольная | умений применять | контрольных |
| | | работа за | полученные знания для | заданий по |
| | | Шчетверть | решения задач | вариантам. |
| | | | определенного типа по | |
| | | | теме или разделу. | |
| | | V четверть | , | |
| 5 | «Challenges» | Итоговая | Средство проверки | Комплект |
| | (Трудности) | контрольная | умений применять | контрольных |
| | | работа | полученные знания для | заданий по |
| | | <i>3a</i> | решения задач | вариантам. |
| | | IVчетверть | определенного типа по | |
| | | | теме или разделу. | |

Входная контрольная работа 9 класс

1.Переведите предложения на английский язык, обратите внимание на тип условного предложения.

- -Я бы читал Дюма в оригинале, если бы я знал французский язык.
- -Если бы я не был так занят вчера, я бы помог тебе.
- -Вы бы много знали, если бы регулярно читали книги.
- -Если она начнет играть сейчас, она будет выдающимся музыкантом.

2. Расскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в требующейся форме.

- -If I (to live) in 1703, I (not to have) a computer.
- -If he (to invite), he (to come) to the party last Sunday.
- -If her alarm clock (to ring), she (to be) on time for work this morning. ons all last week.

3. Составьте предложения из следующих слов.

their /people/promises/should/and/them/keep/break/never/.

doctor/ an/ keeps/away/the/apple/day/a/.

other/you/people/communicate/helps/with/English/.

of/Houses/ how many/consists/the/Parliament/does/British/?

4.Задайте 4 типа вопросов к следующему предложению.

- The east coast of the USA has more states than the west one.

5.Прочитайте тексты и установите соответствие между текстами A—E и заголовками 1—6. Используйте каждую цифру только один раз. В задании есть один лишний заголовок.

1. Name meaning

4. Activities involving pumpkin

2. Pumpkin brief facts

5. Pumpkin's recipes

3. Cooking with pumpkin

- 6. Pumpkin's magical popularity
- **A.** Pumpkin is a large round fruit with a thick orange skin and large seeds. Pumpkins are 90% water but they contain potassium and vitamin A. Six of seven continents can grow pumpkins. Nowadays pumpkins have come to symbolize not only the lovely color of the autumn but the spirit of the season as well. A sizable number of movies were made with

- pumpkin and Halloween themes. Most memorable, perhaps, is the pumpkin carriage in Cinderella.
- **B.** Pumpkins are believed to have originated in North America. Native American Indians ate pumpkins centuries before the Europeans landed. Seeds from related plants have been found in Mexico dating back to 7000 to 5500 B.C. References to pumpkins date back many centuries. The word pumpkin originated from the Greek word for "large melon" which is "pepon." "Pepon" was changed by the French into "pompon." The English changed "pompon" to "Pumpion."
- C. In the United States, pumpkins go hand in hand with the autumn holidays of Thanksgiving, and, of course, Halloween. At almost every Thanksgiving table is the customary 'Pumpkin Pie'. Pumpkins are carved into decorated lanterns for Halloween. Pumpkin is one of the important symbols of the harvest festival and has been an American-favourite for over 400 years now. A lot of autumn festivals are dedicated to the pumpkin. Farmers from all over the US compete to determine who has grown the heaviest pumpkin.
- **D.** In the USA, pumpkin is a very popular Thanksgiving dish. It is not sure whether pumpkin was one of the dishes in the first thanksgiving dinner. But they were, however, a part of all traditional meals long before the arrival of the first Europeans. Most parts of the pumpkin are suitable for eating, including the shell, the seeds, the leaves, and even the flowers. When ripe, the pumpkin can be boiled, baked, steamed, or roasted.
- **E.** The pumpkin has been very important for centuries. It has been popular with wizards, witches and fairies. Maybe that's why it is celebrated in so many festivals, folklore and fiction. People make jack o'lanterns at Halloween in the USA. In European and American fairy-tales witches often turn people into pumpkins. Even in modern *The Harry Potter* novels pumpkin juice is the favourite drink of the students of Hogwart's school.

-If she (not to be) very ill, she (not to be) absent from English less

Variant A

1. Translate from Russian into English:

1) показ фейерверков 2) красочные уличные парады 3) бросать конфетти

2. Put the verb in brackets in Present Simple, Present Continuous, Present Perfect or Present Perfect Continuous:

| 1) Jane (write) a letter to a magazine for 2 hours. She (not finish) it yet. |
|---|
| 2) "-What you (do)." – "I (look) for my pen-knife." |
| 3) Nick (play) a computer game for two hours and he is still playing. |
| 4) I already (do) the housework. I can go for a walk now. |
| 5) The concert (start) at 7 p.m. So we (meet) at 6.30 p.m. You (come) with us? |
| 3. Complete the sentences using which, who, whose, when, where, why: |
| What is the name of the writer most famous novel is 'War and Peace'? The girl lives next door is called Natalie. |
| 3. The boy won the first prize is only fifteen years old. |
| 4. The movie you advised me to watch is very boring. |
| 4. Fill in off, back, up, down, into: |
| 1. There was a traffic jam on the road so we decided to turn |
| 2. She was offered a new job but she turned the offer.3. He managed to turn their words joke. |

5. Read the text and mark the statement "True" or 'False":

Holidays in Great Britain

There are fewer public holidays in Great Britain than in other European countries. They are Christmas Day, Boxing Day, New Years Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, May Day, Spring Bank Holiday, and Summer Bank Holiday. Public holidays in Britain are called bank holidays, because the banks as well as most of the offices and shops are closed.

The most favourite holiday is Christmas. Every year the people of Norway give the city of London a present. It's a big Christmas tree and it stands in the Trafalgar Square.

Before Christmas, groups of singers go from house to house. They collect money for charities and sing carols, traditional Christmas songs. Many churches hold a service on the Sunday before Christmas.

The fun starts the night before, on the 24th of December. Traditionally this is the day when people decorate their trees. Children hang stockings at their beds, hoping that Father Christmas will come down the chimney during the night and fill them with toys and sweets. Christmas is a family holiday. All the family usually meet for the big Christmas dinner of turkey and Christmas pudding. And everyone gives and receives presents. The 26th of December, Boxing Day, is an extra holiday after Christmas. It's the time to visit friends and relatives.

New Years Day is not such favorable in Britain than Christmas. But in Scotland Hogmanay, New Years Eve is the biggest festival of the year.

Besides public holidays, there are some special festivals in Great Britain. One of them takes place on the 5th of November. On that day, in 1605, Guy Fawkes tried to blow up the Houses of Parliament and kill King James I. He didn't succeed. The King's men found the bomb, took Guy Fawkes to the Tower and cut off his head.

Since that day the British celebrate on the 5th of November. They burn a dummy (чучело), made of straw and old clothes, in a bonfire and let off fireworks. This dummy is called a "guy" (like Guy Fawkes).

| 1. A | big | Christmas tree, | which is in the | Trafalgar Sc | juare, is a pre | esent of peopl | le from Northe | rn Ireland |
|------|-----|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|------------|
|------|-----|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|------------|

- 2. Boxing Day is an extra holiday after Christmas_____
- 3. Christmas dinner consists of roast chicken and pumpkin-pie. _____
- 4. Hogmanay is the biggest festival of the year in Scotland.
- 5. Guy Fawkes is a man who killed King James I _____
- 6. Guy Fawkes Day is celebrated on the 5th of December. _____

Variant B

1. Translate from Russian into English:

1) кулинарное состязание 2) петь рождественские песни 3) запасной

2. Put the verb in brackets in Present Simple, Present Continuous, Present Perfect or Present Perfect Continuous:

- 1) Sara (think) of moving a new house.
- 2) Jack (wait) for Jenny since afternoon. She (not arrive) yet.
- 3) -" Why you (smell) this cheese?" "It (smell) strange"
- 4) I (not/understand) what he is speaking about.
- 5) I (not/like) Jane. She never (know) what she (want).

3. Complete the sentences using which, who, whose, when, where, why:

| 1. That is the girl | _brother came to see us the other day. |
|--|---|
| 2. That is the reason | he did it. |
| 3. That's the restaurant _ 4. <i>That was the year</i> | we met for the first time she graduated |

4. Fill in off, back, up, down, into:

| 1. Turn | _ the radio. It c | listurbs me. | | |
|---------------|-------------------|--------------|--------------|---------|
| 2. My brother | turned | unexpectedly | early in the | morning |

3. Turn _____ the TV. I can't hear what they're saying.

5. Read the text and mark the statement "True" or 'False":

Holidays in Great Britain

There are fewer public holidays in Great Britain than in other European countries. They are Christmas Day, Boxing Day, New Years Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, May Day, Spring Bank Holiday, and Summer Bank Holiday. Public holidays in Britain are called bank holidays, because the banks as well as most of the offices and shops are closed.

The most favourite holiday is Christmas. Every year the people of Norway give the city of London a present. It's a big Christmas tree and it stands in the Trafalgar Square.

Before Christmas, groups of singers go from house to house. They collect money for charities and sing carols, traditional Christmas songs. Many churches hold a service on the Sunday before Christmas.

The fun starts the night before, on the 24th of December. Traditionally this is the day when people decorate their trees. Children hang stockings at their beds, hoping that Father Christmas will come down the chimney during the night and fill them with toys and sweets. Christmas is a family holiday. All the family usually meet for the big Christmas dinner of turkey and Christmas pudding. And everyone gives and receives presents. The 26th of December, Boxing Day, is an extra holiday after Christmas. It's the time to visit friends and relatives.

New Years Day is not such favorable in Britain than Christmas. But in Scotland Hogmanay, New Years Eve is the biggest festival of the year.

Besides public holidays, there are some special festivals in Great Britain. One of them takes place on the 5th of November. On that day, in 1605, Guy Fawkes tried to blow up the Houses of Parliament and kill King James I. He didn't succeed. The King's men found the bomb, took Guy Fawkes to the Tower and cut off his head.

Since that day the British celebrate on the 5th of November. They burn a dummy (чучело), made of straw and old clothes, in a bonfire and let off fireworks. This dummy is called a "guy" (like Guy Fawkes).

| 7. | A big Christmas tree, which is in the Trafalgar Square, is a present of people from Northern Ireland |
|-----|--|
| 8. | Boxing Day is an extra holiday after Christmas |
| 9. | Christmas dinner consists of roast chicken and pumpkin-pie |
| 10. | Hogmanay is the biggest festival of the year in Scotland. |
| 11. | Guy Fawkes is a man who killed King James I |
| 12. | Guy Fawkes Day is celebrated on the 5 th of December. |

Контрольная работа за 2 четверть для учащихся 9 класса по теме «Нужно увидеть, чтобы поверить»

Variant A

1. Translate the following words from English into Russian.

| Giant squid | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Giant tentacles | | | | | |
| Sharp hooks | | | | | |
| A humped back | | | | | |
| A snake-like head | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Two-legged | | | | | |
| Recordedsightings | | | | | |
| 2. Read definitions of some words and decide which word is define | d. | | | | |
| whirlpool / violent / ape / sighting / squid | | | | | |
| • When you see something or someone, especially that is rare or trying | to hide. | | | | |
| • A small area of the sea or other water in which there is a powerful cir | rcular current of water which can | | | | |
| pull objects down into its centre | | | | | |
| • A sea animal with a long body and ten arms situated around the mount | th | | | | |
| • Suddenandpowerful. | | | | | |
| • An animal like a large monkey which has no tail and uses its arms to | swing through trees | | | | |
| • 7 th annual like a large monkey which has no tail and uses its arms to | swing unough trees | | | | |
| 3. Put the verbs into the correct tense (Past Simple ,Past Perfect o | r Doct Drogressive) | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 1. While Tom(read) Amely(watch) a | | | | | |
| 2.Marvin(come) home,(switch) on the compu | ter and (check) | | | | |
| his emails. | | | | | |
| 3.The thief(sneak) into the house,(steal) |) the jewels and | | | | |
| (leave) without a trace. | | | | | |
| 4.Before they(move) to this town, they(live) | in Chicago. | | | | |
| 4. Read the text and match the phrases (A-F) to the gaps (41-45). The Nature's joke? - the strange and wonderful Pl | | | | | |
| The platypus is a strange little creature found only in Australia. When t | | | | | |
| in the 19th century, the scientists who examined it just could not believe their eyes. They believed the | | | | | |
| platypus was a joke, 41) They thought some fun-loving Australian | | | | | |
| onto the body of a rat, 42)But platypuses are real, 43) | - | | | | |
| | = - | | | | |
| webbed feet like a duck, soft brown fur on their body and a long, flat | | | | | |
| strange enough, even though they are mammals (which means they feed | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | |
| give birth to live babies 44)! No wonder scientists could | n't decide for a very long time if | | | | |
| platypuses were birds, reptiles or mammals. | | | | | |
| But the platypus has even more wonderful characteristics. Platypuses f | • • | | | | |
| electric fields. And, if they are in danger, male platypuses have sharp h | | | | | |
| .It's no surprise then, that this special, shy little animal is one of Austra | | | | | |
| picture of the platypus appears on the Australian 20 cent coin. Australia | ans are very proud of their unique | | | | |
| platypus. | | | | | |
| A just to play a trick on them | | | | | |
| B that produce poison strong enough to kill a dog | | | | | |
| C which makes them part-reptile, part-mammal, part bird | | | | | |
| D but instead lay eggs just like birds | | | | | |
| E and there is no other creature like them on Earth | | | | | |
| F because of its extremely strange appearance | | | | | |
| Variant B | | | | | |
| 1. Translate the following words from English into Russian. | | | | | |
| A snake-like head | | | | | |
| L A NUARE-URE HEALT | | | | | |

| Two-legged | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Recorded sightings | |
| Giant squid | |
| Giant squid Giant tentacles | |
| Sharp hooks | |
| A humped back | |
| A numpeu vack | |

2. Read definitions of some words and decide which word is defined.

ape / sighting / squid / whirlpool / violent /

- A sea animal with a long body and ten arms situated around the mouth
- Suddenandpowerful.
- An animal like a large monkey which has no tail and uses its arms to swing through trees
- When you see something or someone, especially that is rare or trying to hide.
- A small area of the sea or other water in which there is a powerful circular current of water which can pull objects down into its centre

3. Put the verbs into the correct tense (Past Simple ,Past Perfect or Past Progressive).

| 1.When Monica | (1 | finish) her homework, she(g | o) out to play with her friends |
|---------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 2. While we | (do) : | a sight-seeing tour our friends | (lie) on the beach. |
| 3. He | (wake) up and _ | (look) at his watch. | |
| 4.Alex | _(come) home, | (switch) on the computer and | (check) his |
| emails. | | | |

4. Read the text and match the phrases (A-F) to the gaps (41-45). There is one extra phrase.

Nature's joke? - the strange and wonderful PLATYPUS

But platypuses are real, 43) Platypuses have a nose like a duck, webbed feet like a duck, soft brown fur on their body and a long, flat tail like a beaver. As if that weren't strange enough, even though they are mammals (which means they feed their babies milk), platypuses don't give birth to live babies 44)! No wonder scientists couldn't decide for a very long time if platypuses were birds, reptiles or mammals.

A just to play a trick on them

B that produce poison strong enough to kill a dog

C which makes them part-reptile, part-mammal, part-bird

D but instead lay eggs just like birds

E and there is no other creature like them on Earth

F because of its extremely strange appearance

Контрольная работа за 3 четверть для учащихся 9 класса по теме «Технологии»

Variant A

| I. Match the words with their definitions: | |
|--|---------------------|
| 1. The machine that lets you put documents and such on | |
| paper. | CHATTING |
| 2. The tool you use to type words onto the | |
| computer. | SPELLCHECKER |
| 3. The program that checks your spelling. | |
| SCANNER | |
| 4. Talking to other users by typing or using | |
| headphones. | MOUSE |
| 5.The most popular internet search engine. | |
| SOFTW | ARE |
| 6. What you use to click things on the | TITDIIG |
| screen. | VIRUS |
| 7. What is another word for computer | CLIDCOD |
| screen. | CURSOR |
| II. Complete the statements: | |
| 1.If you have a virus on your computer, | |
| 2.If you cannot connect to the Internet, | |
| 3.If you've spilt something on the keyboard, | |
| | |
| III. Choose the correct verb form to fill in the gap: | |
| 1. Where this time in three days | |
| a. will you have been b. will you be being | c. will you be |
| 2. What this time tomorrow? | |
| a. will you have doneb. will you be doing3.I don't think I my dinner in time | c. will you do |
| | |
| a. cook b. have cooked c. will | i nave cooked |
| IV. Fill in the idioms: | |
| 1. Fortunately, the talks at the ministerial level were very s | uccessful. They are |
| 2.Replacing a car tyre isn't exactly | · — |
| | |
| <<<< <letter>>>>>>></letter> | |

Variant B

| 2. The object on your scree | en that lets you point at | |
|--|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| things. | 7 1 | EMAIL |
| 3.Internet mail. | | HARDWARE |
| 4.A machine that lets you | put paper documents onto | /our |
| computer. | | KEYBOARD |
| 5.A program that destroys | your computer | |
| system. | 1 | GOOGLE |
| 6. Any program on the com | nputer. | MONITOR |
| 7.To shut down and restart | | REBOOT |
| | 1 3 | |
| II. Complete the statemen | ts: | |
| 1.If the screen has frozen, | | |
| 2.If you have deleted a file | by mistake, | |
| 3. If you cannot connect to | • | |
| - | | |
| III. Choose the correct ver | rb form to fill in the gap: | |
| | ning because I at | a live show of Madonna. |
| | am being c. | |
| | English in two years' | |
| a. will study | b. will have studied | c. will be studying |
| 3.What | this time tomorro | ow? |
| a. will you have done | b. will you be doing | c. will you do |
| | | |
| | | |
| IV. Fill in the idioms: | | |
| | | |
| 1.We have to be sure that v | we don't | |
| 2. Some countries' technological | ogies technologies | of some African countries. |
| | | |
| <<<< <letter>>>>></letter> | >>>>> | |

- **1.Fill in:** plot, anonymous, spray, all-star, miniature, artistic, action, difficulties, box office, special.
- 1. There is an interesting in this film.
- 2. This film has an cast.
- 3. That artist had learning when he was a young student, and only felt happy when he was painting.
- 4. The Harry Potter films were a success.
- 5.Graffiti artists use paint.

2. Complete the sentences with the correct comparative/superlative form of the adjectives in brackets.

- 1. She was (amusing) girl I have ever met.
- 2. He's a far (intelligent) person than my brother.
- 3. She was (practical) of the family.
- 4. He felt (bad) yesterday than the day before.
- 5. What do you think of my (late) films?

3. Complete the sentences with verbs formed using the prefixes re-, dis-, mis-, under-, over-.

- 1.My parents usually about which film to go and see. (agree)
- 2. They us in the restaurant but they gave us some money back.(charge).
- 3. The foreigners are difficult to understand because they many Russian words. (pronounce).

4. Fill in the gaps with the correct preposition.

- 1. Pushkin is one of the best poet all time.
- 2.He is popular fans of art cinema.
- 3. This director is famous his comedies.

| <<< <l< th=""><th>ETTER>>></th><th>>>>>></th></l<> | ETTER>>> | >>>>> |
|--|----------|-------|
| | | |

Variant B

- **1.Fill in:** plot, anonymous, spray, all-star, miniature, artistic, action, difficulties, box office, special.
 - 1. His sculptures include a cat on an eyelash.
 - 2.Tom shows a lot of creativity; he should think about becoming a professional photographer.

- 3. Some graffiti artists want to remain
- 4. Armageddon is a(n) -packed film.
- 5. Teenagers loves films with great effects.

2. Complete the sentences with the correct comparative/superlative form of the adjectives in brackets.

- 1. Andy is getting and (good) at playing chess.
- 2. He turned out to be (angry) than I had expected.
- 3. Today I'm no (wise) than yesterday.
- 4. This juice is (good) than I ever tasted.
- 5. Jack is the (clever) of three brothers.

3. Complete the sentences with verbs formed using the prefixes re-, dis-, mis-, under-, over-.

- 1. You should your composition because you made many mistakes. (write)
- 2. We were sorry to realise that we in the shop. (pay)
- 3. They us in the restaurant but they gave us some money back.(charge)

4. Fill in the gaps with the correct preposition.

- 1. Who stars Pirates of the Caribbean?
- 2. The paintings add value the house.
- 3. She is popular fans of art cinema.



Контрольная работа за 4 четверть для учащихся 9 класса по теме «Город и общество"

Variant A

1/ Fill in: Charity, foster, senior, to burst, abandoned, a couple of

| 1.The children raised over 200\$ for |
|---|
| 2. The car was found in Bristol. |
| 3.A citizen is someone who is over 60 years old or who is retired. |
| 2/ Fill in the correct passive form of the verbs in brackets. |
| 1) The book (write) in 1900. |
| 2) The book (write) in 2018. |
| 3) The book (write) now. |
| 3/ Fill in the correct preposition |
| 1.We were told about showing kindnessanimals and looking them properly. |
| 2.I liked the idea getting involved something worthwhile. |
| 3.Most of the animals are removed their homes. |
| |
| 4/ Fill in: however, whenever, wherever, whichever, whatever |
| 1 I meet him he is smiling. |
| 2. If I could, then I would I'll go you will go. |
| 3. Give me a pen, you have! |
| |
| 5/ Writing |
| You've received a letter from your friend Timothy. Write him a letter (60-80 words) and answ his 3 questions. |
| My family and I have just visited one of the most charming museums showing fine collection of English paintings. I can say that our visit was really educational. |
| I wonder if there are such museums in your country? Could you write me about them? Do you often spend your free time visiting them?. |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| Variant B |
| 1.Claire looked as if she was about into tears. |
| 2.It's sometimes difficult to find suitable parents. |

| 3.You'll be all right in days. |
|--|
| 2/ Fill in the correct passive form of the verbs in brackets. |
| 1) The letter (already\write). |
| 2) The letter (write) when the fire started. |
| 3)The book (write) in 2018. |
| 3/ Fill in the correct preposition |
| 1.Could you volunteer to visit a senior citizen a couple hours about twice a week? |
| 2.We always donate old clothes the local charity shop. |
| 3.I liked the idea getting involved something worthwhile. |
| |
| 4/ Fill in: however, whenever, wherever, whichever, whatever |
| 1.We have to finishlong it takes. |
| 2.I am right, they suppose. |
| 3. Pass me a pen, you have! |
| |
| 5/Writing |

5/ Writing

You've received a letter from your friend Timothy. Write him a letter (60-80 words) and answer his 3 questions.

... My family and I have just visited one of the most charming museums showing fine collections of English paintings. I can say that our visit was really educational.

I wonder if there are such museums in your country? Could you write me about them? Do you often spend your free time visiting them?.

Variant A

I. Vocabulary

Match the words to make a word combination, write them down and translate.

make
 experience
 raise money
 enter
 for charity
 idea
 festival
 event

5. bright e. pattern of ribbons 6. it takes f. streamers

7. annual g. a party
8. bring h. sure
9. pull i. celebration
10. throw j. handicrafts
11. receive k. life

12. major l. designed jewellery

13. specialm. alive14. holdn. crackers15. stunningo. place16. spectacularp. bags17. comeq. bad luck18. traditionalr. type

19. beautifully s. a competition

20. charm t. gifts

II. Idioms

Choose the correct word.

- 1. His new book ... like hot cakes.
 - a. buys b. sells c. looks
- 2. Her 20th anniversary was great with a lot of guests, gifts and rich food but the ... on the cake was the performance of her favourite band.
 - a. icing b. topping c. cherry

III. Present Tenses.

Make a question beginning with the word in brackets, make a negative sentence.

- 1. The match ... (to start) at 7 o'clock. (Whattime)
- 2. They ... (to throw) a huge party every year. (How often)
- 3. She always ... (to talk) at the lesson. It makes me nervous. (When)

<<<<<LETTER>>>>>>>>

Variant B

I. Vocabulary

Match the words to make a word combination, write them down and translate.

1. makea. for charity2. experienceb. idea3. raise moneyc. festival4. enterd. event

5. bright e. pattern of ribbons

6. it takes f. streamers
7. annual g. a party
8. bring h. sure
9. pull i. celebration
10. throw j. handicrafts

11. receive k. life

12. major l. designed jewellery

13. specialm. alive14. holdn. crackers15. stunningo. place16. spectacularp. bags17. comeq. bad luck18. traditionalr. type

19. beautifully s. a competition

20. charm t. gifts

II. Idioms

Choose the correct word.

1. You can surely hold a party with your friends' help. It'll be a ... of cake for you.

a. part b. peace c. piece

2.If you both want to go out and prepare for the test tonight, it seems you want to have your cake and ... it.

a. cook b. cut c. eat

III. Present Tenses.

Make a question beginning with the word in brackets, make a negative sentence.

- 1. She already ... (to buy) all the products for the party in a supermarket. (where)
- 2.I ... (to clean) the flat since morning and it's not over yet. (How long)

3. They ... (to throw) a huge party every year. (Howoften)

<<<<<LETTER>>>>>>>>

Контрольная работа для учащихся 9 класса по теме «Сложная задача» (Module 8, Spotlight 9)

Variant A

1. Match the words and translate

- 1. total a. damage
- 2. burn b. bruised
- 3. face c. a disaster
- 4. perfectly d. miracle
- 5. want to be e. an accident
- 6. brain f. attitude
- 7. seriously g. still
- 8. experience h. her head
- 9. survive i. film maker
- 10. positive j. challenges

2. Choose the correct item

- 1. The teacher told me don't leave / not to leave before she spoke to me.
- 2. The performance starts at 8, won't it / doesn't it?
- 3. After the accident, the police <u>asked / told</u> us if we were hurt.

3. Complete the sentences in reported speech.

- 1. "Ann has got a bad headache", Sue said.
- 2. "Go to the doctor today", he said.
- 3. "Nick is working today", Brian said to Bill.
- 4. "I can't believe you did a parachute jump!" said Julie.
- 5. "Don't be afraid", said he.



Variant B

1. Match the words and translate

- 1. total a. damage
- 2. burn b. bruised
- 3. face c. a disaster
- 4. perfectly d. miracle
- 5. want to be e. an accident
- 6. brain f. attitude
- 7. seriously g. still
- 8. experience h. her head
- 9. survive i. film maker
- 10. positive j. challenges

2. Choose the correct item

- 1. The band told us they will perform / would perform at the park on Saturday.
- 2. I've looked for my book everywhere / anywhere, but I still can't find it.
- 3. After the accident, the police <u>asked / told</u> us if we were hurt.

3. Complete the sentences in reported speech.

- 1. What is the time?" (he asked).
- 2."When will we meet again?" (she asked me).
- 3."Can you meet me at the bus station?" (mom asked me).
- 4. "Did you see my bike?" (he asked).
- 5. "Have you ever been in serious danger?" (heasked).